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FAMILY CONFLICTS AND MOTHER'S ROLE IN THEIR PREVENTION AND SETTLEMENT

Topicality of the subject: Family relations as one of the most significant sector in the operation of the society were always in the centre of researchers' attention. The interpersonal attitudes of the parents and the children at the juvenile age are the most important ones.[1,p.283; 4, p.298-300]

Objective of the work, to determine typical purposes of the mother's role among female individuals of three generations; grandmothers, mothers and daughters in regard to prevention and settlement of the family conflicts.

For the goal achievement the test PARI by E. Schaefer, R.Bell was used by us. We tested 120 female individuals. Among them: 40 students of the course of Zhytomyr Institute of Nursing who were a group of daughters by the age, 80 nursing practitioners of Zhytomyr region who were divided into two groups by the age and the family status: mothers and grandmothers.

Obtained results. The strategies of the mothers, grandmothers and daughters' behavior were determined according to a top priority which the interviewers chose. Grown-up married women who have got children and grandchildren (grandmothers) made partner relations as the most appropriate and acceptable a top priority. Grown-up married women who have got children but have not got grandchildren yet (mothers) made partner relations in the marriage number two and feeling of man's apathy towards the family problems number one. Unmarried teenage girls at the age of 15-17 made the self-sacrifice a top priority whereas they made the strategies of partner relations number seven. Besides exaggerated subjective feeling of the man's apathy towards the family problems, the married nurses (mothers) demonstrated such unacceptable strategies of the behavior in the family as the inclination to conflict behavior and to oppression of the other family members' will, they made them number two and number three priority.

Conclusion.

1. That is nurses' nature to have adequate understanding of a mother's role in prevention and settlement of family conflicts.

2. The nurses' strategies of the behavior as regards prevention and settlement of family conflicts are differed depending on interviewers' age and their family status.

3. Grown-up married nurses overrate the man's role in the family, they make high demands of him demonstrating the inclination to conflicts and oppression of the other family members' will at the same time. Under such combinations of the

strategies the family conflicts are unavoidable. So married nurses need to have more tolerant attitude to the other family members.

4. On the contrary, teenage girls need to enhance the self-esteem so that partner relations will be changed into the inclination to the self-sacrifice.

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