SOCIO-ECONOMIC SITUATION OF KHMELNYTSK REGION IN 2020

The aim of this study was to investigate the socio-economic situation of Khmelnitsky region in 2020 and to conduct a comparative analysis of these indicators with last year.

In order to enter the trajectory of sustainable economic development, to build an open democratic society with a European standard of living, it is necessary to accumulate creative, intellectual forces today. There is a need to create a qualitatively new socio-psychological climate that would promote socio-economic innovations and greater human self-realization in our country [2, p.17].

Population

The current population in the region, according to estimates, as of December 1, 2020 was 1245167 people.

Between January and November 2020 the population decreased by 9535 people. The decrease in the population of the region was due to a natural decrease - 9720 people, at the same time recorded a migration increase of population - 185 people.

The number of births from January to November 2020 was 8950 people, deaths - 18670 people.

Incomes of the population

Between January and December 2020 the average salary of full-time employees of enterprises, institutions, organizations (with 10 or more employees) was UAH 9,872, which is 2 times more than the minimum wage (UAH 5,000) and 13.8% more compared to the corresponding period of 2019.

The types of economic activity with the highest level of wages included enterprises of financial and insurance activities, and among industrial activities enterprises for the supply of electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning, where wages exceeded the regional average of 1.5 and 2.1 times respectively. The lowest level of wages was observed in enterprises for temporary accommodation and organization of food and textile production, production of clothing, leather, leather goods and other materials (respectively 31.2% and 53.7% of the average level in the region).

Real wage index during the period from January to December 2020 compared to the corresponding period of 2019. was 110.1%.

The total amount of arrears of wages on January 1, 2021 amounted to UAH 12 million (14.9% less than on December 1, 2020), or 0.5% of the payroll accrued in December 2020, while 51.7% of the total debt was formed at economically active enterprises, 43.3% - at enterprises to which the procedure of restoring the debtor's solvency or declaring it bankrupt, 5.0% - at economically inactive enterprises.

Consumer prices

The consumer price index in 2020 was 104.9%

Prices for food and non-alcoholic beverages increased by 5.5%. Prices for sugar (by 41.8%), buckwheat (by 30.6%), and eggs (by 24.7%) increased the most. Barley groats, sunflower oil, wheat flour, semolina, fruits rose in the range of 20.8–12.4%,

and bread, cheeses, soft drinks, margarine, beef, fish and food products rose by 7.8% and fish, milk, flour and sugar confectionery, pasta, sour cream, lard, butter by 1.8%. At the same time, prices decreased for millet (by 22.6%), vegetables (by 9.4%), and poultry meat (by 5.6%). Clothing and footwear fell in price by 5.2%: clothing - by 6.2%, footwear - by 4.5%.

Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products added 7.9% to the price due to a 21.0% rise in the price of tobacco products, while prices for alcoholic beverages decreased by 2.8%.

The increase in prices for housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels by 19.6% was due to an increase in tariffs for natural gas (1.6 times) and sewerage (by 21.5%). At the same time, the fee for water supply increased by 16.4%, rent - by 7.1%, its maintenance and repair - by 3.7%.

In the healthcare sector, prices increased by 7.6% due to the rise in prices of pharmaceutical products by 9.1%, as well as outpatient services - by 6.4% (including consultative - by 17.8%, diagnostic - by 8.3%), hospital services - by 2.1%.

Prices for transport as a whole increased by 1.5%, in particular, vehicles rose by 11.8%, transport services - by 1.2%. At the same time, fuels and lubricants became cheaper by 10.7%.

The increase in prices in the field of communications by 6.4% was influenced by the increase in tariffs for local telephone services, postal services, Internet services, mobile communications (by 17.0-6.4%).

Education services increased by 12.1%, namely: tuition fees in higher education institutions increased by 13.6%, secondary schools - by 8.4%, for the maintenance of children in preschool institutions - by 10.4%.

Among other goods and services, prices for financial services, goods and services for personal care, meals outside the home, and personal transport insurance increased by 19.9–3.4%. At the same time, prices in recreation and culture decreased by 4.0%, in particular, for audio equipment, cameras and information processing equipment - by 18.0%.

Industry

Index of industrial production in 2020 compared to 2019 was 97.5%.

In the mining industry and quarrying production compared to 2019 increased 1.6 times.

In 2020 608.2 thousand tons of limestone, limestone flux was mined for the production of lime and cement. 225 thousand tons of other crushed stone was produced, which is used as a concrete filler, for paving and similar purposes.

In the processing industry in 2020. industrial production decreased by 10.9%, including the manufacture of chemicals and chemical products - by 30.8%, food, beverages and tobacco - by 18.4%, mechanical engineering - by 15.7%, textiles, clothing, leather, leather products and other materials - by 10.5%, metallurgical production, production of finished metal products, except machinery and equipment - by 7.9%, production of rubber and plastic products, other non-metallic mineral products - by 4.5%. At the same time, the output of wood products, paper production and printing increased by 27.9%.

In the supply of electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning in 2020 production index compared to 2019 was 116.8%. In 2020 11321.4 million kWh of electricity were generated, which is 3495.3 million kWh (44.7%) more than in 2019.

Agriculture

Index of agricultural products compared to 2019 was 95.2%, including enterprises - 92.0%, households - 103.4%.

Crop production index compared to 2019 was 94.8%, including enterprises - 92.0%, households - 104.6%.

The index of livestock products was 97.0%, including 91.8% at enterprises and 101.1% in households.

In 2020 farms of all categories sold 90.7 thousand tons of livestock and poultry for slaughter (live weight), which is 9.2% less than in 2019, produced 651.5 thousand tons of milk (2.5% more) and 973.0 million eggs (5.3% less).

Construction

In 2020 enterprises of the region produced construction products in the amount of UAH 6,472.1 million. Index of construction products compared to 2019 was 158.3%.

In 2020 compared to 2019 the construction of civil engineering works increased 2.4 times and residential buildings - by 0.1%. Along with this, the construction of buildings decreased by 16.3%, incl. non-residential - by 23.2%.

New construction accounted for 18.8% of total construction output, repairs (capital and current) - 67.3%, reconstruction and technical re-equipment - 13.9%.

Foreign trade in goods

Between January and November 2020 exports and imports of goods amounted to 578.3 million dollars and 452.1 million dollars. Foreign trade operations were conducted with partners from 129 countries.

The volume of exports of goods to the European Union decreased compared to January-November 2019 by 0.6% and amounted to 292.9 million dollars, or 50.6% of total exports. The most important exports of goods among EU member states were made to Poland, Germany, the Netherlands, and Belgium. Among other countries, most goods were exported to China, Egypt, Turkey, and Belarus.

Imports of goods from the European Union decreased compared to January-November 2019 by 7.3% and amounted to 241.3 million dollars, or 53.4% of the total. Among the EU countries, the most important imports of goods came from Germany, Poland and Italy. Among other countries, the largest imports of goods came from China, Turkey, the Russian Federation, Belarus, Saudi Arabia, and the United States.

Domestic trade

Retail trade turnover, which includes data on retail trade turnover of enterprises whose main economic activity is retail trade, in 2020 amounted to UAH 28,168.8 million, which in comparable prices is 13.2% more than the previous year. Retail turnover of enterprises (legal entities) in 2020 amounted to UAH 16,146.3 million, which in comparable prices is 13.4% more than in 2019.

Transport

According to preliminary data in 2020. cargo turnover of transport enterprises of the region amounted to 1095.9 million km, which is 31.5% less than the previous year. 6241.3 thousand tons of cargo were transported, which is 23.6% less than in 2019.

Road and trolleybus transport performed passenger turnover in the amount of 590.2 million passenger-km, or 60.8% of the volume in 2019.

65.5 million passengers used passenger transport services, which is 35.6% less than in 2019.

37 million passengers were transported by road, which is 38.1% less than in 2019. 28.5 million passengers were transported by city electric transport (32.0% less) [1].

Conclusion

Taking into account the facts given above, we can note the improvement of the main indicators of socio-economic development of Khmelnytsky region compared to similar indicators last year.

REFERENCES

1. Соціально- економічне становище області [Електронний ресурс] / / Хмельницька обласна державна адміністрація -. - Режим доступу: https://www.adm-km.gov.ua/?page_id=1863 Загл. з екрану. (25.03.2021).

2. Полуяктова О.В. Прискорення соціально-економічного розвитку суспільства: економіко-політичні аспекти / / Глобальні та національні проблеми економіки. – 2017. – випуск 16. – С. 16-19.