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LEGAL CHANGES THAT SHOULD BE APPLIED IN UKRAINE AFTER THE WAR ENDS

Since February 24, 2022, Ukraine has been at war with the Russian Federation. Russians are destroying human lives, which is the greatest value. The destiny of thousands of people who could do a lot for the prosperity of our state is crippled. However, it gives us the impetus to move forward and achieve new successes.

The term war does not have a universally recognized meaning, although it has been going on for a long time. The situation in Ukraine does not leave anyone indifferent. This is the war of security with threats, of the past with the future. I am sure that after our victory we will value our lives and do everything to make them better for our descendants.

To assure security, prosperity and better life in our country, the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine adopts laws. The laws must correspond to the situation that occurs on the territory of the state. These are the so-called legal changes.

The circumstances require amending the existing laws or creating new ones. For example, it would be appropriate to terminate the Agreement between the Government of Ukraine and the Government of the Russian Federation on scientific and technical cooperation. In fact, what kind of cooperation can be between our state and an aggressor country?

It is also necessary to protect the interests of innocent people whose homes were destroyed due to the armed aggression of the Russian Federation against Ukraine. In this case, changes should be made to the Budget Code of Ukraine; they should concern financing housing restoration.

And it is also worth exempting from payment for housing and communal services those persons (consumers) who lost their houses as a result of the armed aggression of the Russian Federation against Ukraine. That is, it is necessary to make changes to the Law of Ukraine "On Housing and Communal Services".

The government and parliament are working to develop mechanisms to compensate for losses incurred by citizens and businesses arising as a result of the armed aggression of the Russian Federation against Ukraine.

All persons whose property was damaged or destroyed as a result of hostilities, acts of terrorism, or sabotage caused by the military aggression of the Russian Federation have the right to compensation.

Also, persons who have suffered from the enemy's military aggression must be provided with all the means they need for rehabilitation. Not every person can purchase some things which they need, so the state should take care of it.

There must be changes to the Criminal Code of Ukraine and the Criminal Procedure Code of Ukraine regarding responsibility for the propaganda of the Russian neo-Nazi totalitarian regime, an act of aggression against Ukraine by the Russian Federation as a terrorist state.

The Russian Federation is committing genocide in Ukraine and should be responsible for its actions.

There must be no pro-Russian political parties in our government. It has had quite an impact.

And also, in my opinion, it is necessary to forcibly remove from Ukraine property of the Russian Federation, as well as persons who have citizenship of the Russian Federation but have been living on the territory of Ukraine for a long time (residents).

These are far from all the legal changes that should be applied in Ukraine after the war ends; it is only part of them. Our state cares about society that is why it will do everything so that citizens can continue living freely.

Because of the aggressor, we cannot live and work freely, and our rights are limited during martial law, but our nation is invincible. The Ukrainian people will not surrender under any conditions. Ukrainian society is united like never before. Every Ukrainian will help to do everything in his power to win, and after our victory, we will do everything to bring the Russian Federation to justice.

REFERENCES

1. Budget Code of Ukraine with changes and additions as of August 19, 2022.
2. The Law of Ukraine "On Housing and Communal Services" as amended as of May 1, 2021.
3. The Constitution of Ukraine with changes and additions as of January 1, 2020.
4. The Criminal Code of Ukraine with changes and additions as of August 19, 2022.
5. The Criminal Procedure Code of Ukraine with changes and additions as of October 1, 2022.